Recommendations of the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations

to the

Task Force to Promote Municipal Shared Services

Section 366 of Public Act 19-117

Made January 29, 2020

Section 366 of Public Act 19-117 established a special task force to examine:

- The examination of functions, activities or services, currently performed by municipalities individually, that might be more efficiently performed by the Office of Policy and Management on behalf of municipalities willing to opt in or opt out of accepting such performance on their behalf,
- The examination of functions, activities or services, currently performed by the state or municipalities that might be provided in a more efficient, high-quality, cost-effective or responsive manner by regional councils of governments, regional educational service centers or other similar regional bodies that are responsive to residents,
- 3. The cost savings of government services, including, but not limited to, joint purchasing, for a municipality and its local or regional school district,
- 4. The cost savings through the sharing of government services, including, but not limited to, joint purchasing, among municipalities,
- 5. The standardization and alignment of various regions of the state,
- 6. The analyses of any other initiatives that might facilitate the delivery of services in a more efficient, high-quality, cost-effective or responsive manner, and

7. A recommendation of the division, if any, of revenue in the regionalization sub-account within the regional planning incentive account established under section 4-66k of the general statutes, between the Office of Policy and Management and the regional councils of governments, regional educational service centers or similar regional bodies for the purposes of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

The legislation additionally states that:

"Any initiative recommended to be undertaken by the task force shall be offered to municipalities on a voluntary basis."



Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations - ACIR

3.6 Million People - 29th Most Populous 5,500 Square Miles - 3rd Smallest 738 Persons per Square Mile - Fourth Most 169 Towns - NO Counties 625 Counts of Government - 17.5 per 100K 3.588 Million People - 1.5 Million Housing Units - Average Age 40.8 (US Is 37.8) - 5,500 Square Miles - 738 Persons per Square Mile - 169 Towns - 625 Counts of Governments - 310 Zip Codes - 84 Cdps - 33 Cities or Boroughs - 2 Tribal Nations -8 Counties (Eliminated in 1960) - 833 Census Tracts - 2,585 Block Groups - 6 Core-Based Statistical Areas - 17 Urbanized Areas - 15 Adjusted Urbanized Areas - 89,416 Employer Establishments - \$71,755 Median Income - State Budget 0f \$20.9 Billion - 77 State Agencies - 35 State Boards, Councils or Commissions - 10 Quasi-Public Agencies - 6 Constitutional Offices - 151 State House Districts - 36 Senate Districts - 26 Standing Joint Committees - 5 Congressional Districts - 2 Senate Seats - 8 MPOs (2 Rural Regions) - 5 Conservation Districts - 2 Wildlife Areas - 2 Resource Conservation Areas - 3

Community Collabora National Heritage Corr Districts - 3 Migrant Go Areas - 11 DEEP Conse Attainment Areas and P Long-Term Ombudsman Fall Below the Poverty Ra **Districts - 6 Family S Continuing Care Ret Developmental Service** Agencies on Aging - 31 **CT Family Support Netwo Regions - 3 DDS Comm Services - 6 DCF Region** DOT Maintenance and C Facilities - 95 Municipa **Regions - 169 Municip** Fragmented PSAP System 7 Regional PSAPS, 8 Mi **Juvenile Court Districts**



r Management Areas - 2 n Climate Types - 2 DEEP ts - 123 Aquifer Protection 18 Towns - 3 Ozone Nonand Attainment Areas - 3 United Way Areas - 10.4% Sexual Assault Crisis Service ollaborative Areas - 6 CT is for the Department of es - 4 211 Areas - 5 Area vide Safe Harbor Places - 6 ns - 5 Parent Support Group Mental Health and Addiction nt Areas - 52 Rail Lines - 4 Franchises. - 17 State Police nergency Medical Services nswering Points, 10th Most s of PSAPS per Square Mile -Judicial Branch Areas - 12 **Development Eligible Areas**

for Housing Programs - 9 Labor Market Areas - 8 Employment and Training Service Delivery Areas - 8 Workers' Compensation Districts - 19 Higher Education Institutions - 12 Community Colleges - 6 Regional Education Service Centers (RESCs) - 8 UCONN Extension Education Service Centers - 9 District Reference Groups (DRG) Areas - 33 Alliance Districts -156 Secondary School Districts - 43 Elementary School Districts - 17 Regional School Districts - 38 Exclusive Areas for Water Supply - 4 Natural Gas Service Areas - 3 Water Supply DPH Planning Areas - 6 Library Association Districts - 6 VFW Regions - 28 Acute Care Hospitals - 18 Community Care Clinics - 42 DPH Mass Vaccination Regions - 73 Health Departments, 26 Part-Time, 34 Full-Time and 19 Regional (Second Most Fragmented in the Nation) -

Service Delivery Fragmentation

Two Examples

Health Departments - 73

- 9th most fragmented per 100k population
- 2nd most fragmented per 1,000 sq. miles
- 2nd most fragmented per Governments in the Nation
- A hypothetical consolidation based on the eight counties would result in having eight regional Health Districts and would reduce expenses by approximately - 49 % or \$50 million

911 Centers - 104

- 19th most fragmented per 100k population
- 4th most fragmented per 1,000 sq. miles
- 10th most fragmented per Governments in the Nation
- A hypothetical consolidation based on the eight counties would result in having eight regional Health Districts and would reduce expenses by approximately - 60% or \$64 million

What drives the need to aggressively pursue shared and regional services?



Connecticut has a growing resource gap for municipalities and the state resulting in an expanding capacity gap to properly deliver the services ...

In the long term, **stronger regional capacity** benefits our state by enhancing the ability to put in place shared or regional programs.

Budget savings are a motivator for shared and regional services - must also be accountable and add measurable quality and must be undertaken to achieve and maintain social and educational equity

Priority Recommendations:

- Shared and regional services should be built on work done previously
- Connecticut, at each level of government, must embrace the application of technology and data innovation (Administrative and Legislative Action Required)
- Expand, within OPM, a government efficiency unit, within the Intergovernmental Planning and Policy Division to provide the bandwidth needed to implement and foster collaboration at each level of government (Legislative Action Required)
- Flexible school governance is essential to the function, sustainability and excellence of public education (Legislative Action Required)
- Collaborative regional programs are needed to help local school districts provide cost effective and efficient high quality services for Special Education (Legislative Action Required)
- Pilot and incentivize shared/regional services to foster real change (Legislative Action Required)

In addition to the six Priority Recommendations, ACIR has identified **Fortytwo potentially actionable recommendations** for the Task Force to consider. Key amongst these recommendations are:

- Require ACIR to recommend to OPM focus areas for the use of regional performance incentive program funds (Legislative Action Required)
- Amend the Regional Performance Incentive Program RPIP to include a cost share element for grantees (Legislative Action Required)
- Amend the current Fiscal Indicators Report for the effective use of data measures to inform improvement of municipal operations and service delivery (Administrative Action Required)
- Diversification of Local Revenue Sources

Priority Recommendation One

Shared and regional services should be built on work done previously

Currently, State Statute enables:

- Two or more municipalities to perform any function that each may perform separately
- **RESCs** to provide a **wide range of services** on behalf of local school districts **including** the provision of **special education services**
- COGs to accept or participate in any grant, donation or program available to any political subdivision of the state and allow any political subdivision to enter into an agreement with a COG to perform jointly, alone or in cooperation with any other entity, any service, activity or undertaking that the political subdivision is authorized by law to perform.
- COGs and RESCs have access to pilot funds through the Regional Performance Incentive Program (RPIP) to explore new shared services or regional ventures

Priority Recommendation One

Shared and regional services should be built on work done previously

- The state should be looking for opportunities to restructure service delivery and funding through the COGs and the RESCs.
 - State agencies and independent regional service delivery agencies that receive funding from the State or federal governments shall, to the greatest extent practicable, **utilize the boundaries of the councils of governments**.
 - Legislature should consider distributing funds regionally for regional delivery unless it can be demonstrated that the COG or RESC mechanism is not available, is not cost effective, or will result in diminished services..

Do Not Further Fragment Service Delivery

Priority Recommendation TWO

Connecticut, at each level of government, must embrace the application of technology and data innovation

O Funds, through RPIP or some other account, should be used either through regional COGs or RESCs to assist towns and/or school districts, lacking the current capacity to do so, to fully implement the provisions and intent of Section 7-406(c) - which mandates a uniform chart of accounts for municipalities



https://ucoa.ct.gov/benchmarking



Priority Recommendation TWO

Connecticut, at each level of government, must embrace the application of technology and data innovation

ACIR proposes that:

- Adoption **"one stop shop"** experience for state interactions
- Establishment of an enterprise system approach
- O Modification to Edsight and CTdata sites to allow for district-to-district comparisons
- Add a school projection calculator to ensure consistency in methodology and comparisons state-wide
- Replace it by 2022 to the highest degree paper reporting with e-reporting
- A system to analyze school facilities and advise on opportunities for regional and/or inter-municipal cooperation
- O Modernize local to state program and financial reporting UCOA
- Using data-driven analyses, to end inefficiency at the state or local level.

Priority Recommendation Three

Expand, within OPM, a government efficiency unit, to within the Intergovernmental Policy and Planning Division to provide the bandwidth needed to implement and foster collaboration at each level of government

In other words a - " Champion" to

- O Identify the best opportunities to realize efficiency, promote program integrity, and improve program outcomes, including opportunities, consistent ...that reduce or streamline duplicative paperwork, reporting, and regulatory burdens and those that more effectively use state and local resources
- Identify not only administrative impediments, but also significant statutory barriers
- Establish preliminary plans to (1) consolidate or streamline processes that state and local governments must use to obtain increased flexibility to promote the same or better outcomes at lower cost; (2) establish transparent criteria and (3) ensure continued achievement of program results while allowing for such increased flexibility.
- O Identify areas where cross-agency collaboration would further reduce administrative and regulatory barriers and improve outcomes.

Priority Recommendation Four

Flexible school governance is essential to the function, sustainability and excellence of public education

- O Provide districts with a wider array of governance options Expand the definition of what a school district is. Give towns the authority to create flexible cooperative agreements
- Enable regional school districts that have diminished enrollments resulting in decreased opportunities for students and disproportionately high tuition rates to initiate a comprehensive study regarding options to dissolve or reconstitute
- Enable towns belonging to regional school districts the statutory authority to establish regional finance boards by a region-wide majority vote.
- Amend the school building project grant process

Priority Recommendation **Five**

Collaborative regional programs are needed to help local school districts provide cost effective and efficient high quality services for Special Education

- O Provide incentive funds in each RESC region for regional diagnostic/ intervention programs for students with social emotional, mental health, and behavioral challenges.
- O Develop an electronic regional student transportation tool for students and students with disabilities
- Create a task force to study special education Excess Costs funding to examine the current model of state reimbursement when the cost of a student's special education services exceeds 4.5 times the average per pupil educational cost of that school district to determine the need for a different reimbursement rate for in-district and regional collaborative programs.

Priority Recommendation Six

Pilot and incentivize shared/regional services to foster real change

- O To assist smaller towns and school districts experiencing challenges in providing the same quality of services as larger districts due to capacity and fiscal challenges - priority should be given to facilitate the full embrace of UCOA
- To assist with planning as well as funding for the transition from school districts into a single or shared school district.
- O Reward town governments and school districts participating in collaborative or regional cost-sharing programs by returning savings realized through each service to the participating towns/districts to be utilized for direct town or classroom expenditures.

Legislative Action Required:

- Require Plans of Conservation and Development, at each level, to include sections on regional efficiencies and education.
- 2. Provide inflation adjustments for the minimum value of projects requiring competitive bidding.
- 3. Allow municipalities and school districts to piggyback on other state and local and federal government contracts for purchasing.
- 4. Enable School Districts and municipalities to Utilize Reverse Auctions in Contract Bidding
- 5. Provide a pathway for municipalities to modernize multiple local units of government within their borders.
- 6. Enable Two or more contiguous municipalities for the creation of a Municipal Consolidation Study Commission.
- Maintain or strengthen state agency capacity to foster shared services
- 8. Require each regional education service center to submit an annual report

- 9. Require ACIR to annually compile a representative sample of each fiscal impact statement completed for all laws passed by the general assembly related to municipalities
- 10. Require ACIR to annually or as requested recommend to the secretary focus areas for the use of regional performance incentive program funds as may be available.
- 11. Amend RPIP to require, with a waiver option for the Secretary, a cost share element for grantees.
- **12.** Enable and foster Regional Housing Reform
- **13.** Enable COGs to apply discretionary grants currently only available to municipalities
- 14. Modify Sections 32-326, 327, 328 to enhance regional economic development
- 15. Change local appointing authority for zoning enforcement, building inspection, fire marshal to the Municipal CEO.

Legislative Action Required:

- 16. The Transportation Institute at UCONN should develop metrics that measures the efficiency or efficient use of public funds for student transportation.
- 17. Modify how local transportation projects, using state funds, are administratively addressed
- 18. Funding from the regional planning incentive account should be based on a work plan approved by OPM and consistent with priorities set by ACIR.
- **19.** Require the governor to identify regional and/or shared initiatives in each budget presentation

- 20. Overriding Unnecessary Obstacles Local charters that inadvertently may prevent consolidations with other towns or town departments; and Statutory mandates without any identifiable purpose
- 22. Bifurcation of Local Taxing Authority
- 23. Diversification of Local Revenue Sources to reduce reliance on property taxes for local revenue

Administrative Action Required:

- 23. ACIR should develop and must articulate vision and values for municipal services and the relationship with the state
- 24. Assign a representative of the Commissioner of SDE to attend the regular or special meetings of the RESC Alliance.
- 25. The RESCs and the COG directors should be convened as a standing committee to ACIR to better ensure the understanding, coordination and development of regional programs.
- 26. Fund a research project through the Connecticut Transportation Institute at the University of Connecticut to study how local school districts can reduce costs by increasing efficiencies in the provision of student transportation
- 27. Require that the use of public funds for education transportation be based on a measurable system predicated on efficiency.
- 28. DAS establish an advisory municipal committee from COGs, RESCs, CABE, GFOA-CT, CASE, CEA, Municipal Employee Unions, CCM, COST and others for needed/anticipated procurements.

- 29. ACIR should study and make recommendations for the overhaul of Title 7 with an emphasis on making it a model for the efficient delivery of services.
- **30.** OPM should, as the budget/policy arm of state government require state agencies to partner with each other, sharing information and back-end databases to give citizens a more convenient, seamless (inter and intra) experience.
- 31. In consultation with, ACIR, the University of Connecticut School of Public Administration and the Government Finance Officers of CT (GFOA), develop a best practices guide for local budgeting as well as providing an educational outreach program using the COGs as regional education centers) for the delivery of such information
- **32.** Amend the current Fiscal Indicators Report for the effective use of data measures to inform improvement of municipal operations and service delivery
- 33. ACIR should study ways to complete the State Budget that better allow the municipal budget to be a predictable process

"If we look past the arbitrary walls that separate our communities we can make our state more efficient and more creative at providing services people rely on... We must look to each other to move Connecticut forward and create enhanced, comprehensive regional cooperation to provide state assistance to cities and towns in creative and efficient ways.

As the esteemed economist John Kenneth Galbraith said, "**The conventional view** serves to protect us from the painful job of thinking"...While our close knit communities help make Connecticut an attractive place to live, we cannot continue to have so many government fiefdoms that expend precious energy protecting the status quo. In fact, the best way to preserve the character of neighborhoods and villages is to find ways to lower their costs and establish a long-term path of sustainability."

Senate President Pro Tempore Martin M. Looney opening remarks for the 2019 Legislative Session

Thank you.